

A Piano-Player for the
Most Popular School
Teacher in Richmond

THE TIMES FOUNDED 1884.
THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1860.

MYSTERY CLEARED BY REPORTS FROM MEXICAN BORDER

Act Committed Is Not in
Violation of Sov-
ereignty.

ADVANCE CLAIM AGAINST HUERTA

Any Offense in Removal of Body
of Vergara From Mexico Is
Committed by Individuals,
and No Effort Will Be
Made to Prosecute Them.

Washington, March 10.—Comprehensive reports from Brigadier General B. B. Ladd and American Consul Garrett, at Laredo, today cleared up the mystery which had surrounded the delivery on American soil of the body of the American ranchman, Clemente Vergara.

The reports satisfied officials that no act has been committed by national or State agents in violation of Mexican sovereignty, and that if there were any offense in the removal of the body from Mexico it was committed by individuals, so the matter could not be made an international issue.

Secretary Bryan stated that he would not undertake to prosecute the persons who obtained the body, even if he knew their identity, which he did not, because the fact established by General B. B. Ladd's report that they were civilians and probably Mexicans.

Claims Against Huerta.
Finding of the body of Vergara has had the result of advancing the Mexican side of the claim against the government of General Huerta for reparation, and today Secretary Bryan transmitted the telegraphic report from Consul Garrett to the charge at Oshausnessy in Mexico City.

It is understood that the primary purpose of this is to disprove the original allegation of the Nuevo Laredo Mexican Federal commander that Vergara had made his escape from captivity and joined the Constitutionalists.

With the body in evidence, as soon as the facts as to the investigation of Vergara's wounds are developed by Governor Colquhitt's investigation, Mr. Oshausnessy will be prepared to call upon General Huerta to redeem his promise to punish the slayer of Vergara.

No Evidence of Torture.
Laredo, Texas, March 10.—That the Mexican would not have recovered the body of Clemente Vergara from the Hidalgo, Mexico, cemetery, had told a circumstantial story of witnessing the execution of the American ranchman to State investigators was deemed to be a lie, and that whereabout of this man, as well as the others of the party which exhumed the body, have not been disclosed.

Federal and State investigations being conducted here had not been concluded to-night. So far the investigations had disproved the earlier report that the man's hand showed evidence that he had been tortured with fire before he was put to death, and developed the fact that a relative of Vergara arranged for the expedition into Mexico of the ten men who brought the body to the United States. J. S. Hill, Vergara's brother-in-law, stated today that he organized the party at the solicitation of Vergara's widow.

Evidence being gathered here will be presented to Secretary Bryan and to Governor Colquhitt. American consul Garrett and Henry Hutchings, State adjutant-general, are working in conjunction assembling evidence.

Benton Case Again.
London, March 10.—The death at Juarez of William S. Benton came up for discussion in the House of Commons today. Sir Edward Grey, Foreign Secretary, was asked whether it was not possible to refer the question of redress to The Hague for arbitration. He replied that technically and theoretically it was, and continued:

"In practice, however, at the present moment there is no satisfaction to be obtained by arbitration, and I am not prepared to admit that in this case arbitration would be the most fitting method for securing redress."

France Will Seek Satisfaction.
Paris, March 10.—Premier Doumergue in the Chamber of Deputies today alluded to the grave results of the civil war in Mexico upon French interests.

"We have abstained from all intervention in the interior of Mexico. We have faith in the government at Washington, which is the nearest neighbor of Mexico, but we shall not fail to ask, when the moment comes, satisfaction for the injuries suffered by French interests."

Revokes Order of Confiscation.
El Paso, Texas, March 10.—General Villa today revoked the order of confiscation against the ranch of General W. B. Snyman, a British subject in the State of Chihuahua. The news was received in a telegram from Calvert G. Scofield, British vice-consul at Chihuahua.

The commission appointed by General Carranza to investigate the killing of William S. Benton still is in Juarez. It did not go to Chihuahua, where Snyman's body is said to be buried, as reported.

Constitutionalist Officers to-day said that reports from Torreón were that the situation was quiet.

Deaths Directly With Mexico.
Fort Worth, Texas, March 10.—Governor Colquhitt, addressing the Texas Cattle Raisers Association here today, declared he had formed the policy of opening negotiations directly with the Mexican authorities for the righting of wrongs to Texans.

Mining Man Disappears.
Douglas, Ariz., March 10.—F. T. Cromwell, a mining man from Van Nuys, Cal., disappeared in Sonora, Mexico, last December, according to a letter received here today from Mrs. Cromwell, who asks that search be made for her husband.

Cromwell, last seen, was in Tucson, Ariz., on December 26. He wrote to his wife that he intended to go into Sonora.

WHOLE NUMBER, 19,651.

Almost Total Eclipse of Moon Visible To-Night

Washington, March 10.—There will be an almost total eclipse of the moon to-morrow night. President from all points in Western Europe, North and South America and Western Africa. Astronomers at the Naval Observatory here to-night prepared the following table of the moon's position:

The shadow of the earth will not cover entirely the moon, but at the middle of the eclipse more than half of the moon's diameter will be in the shadow. The moon is due to enter the shadow, according to precise reckoning, at 8:41 8-10 o'clock to-morrow night. Eastern standard time. It will reach the middle of the eclipse at 11:12 8-10 o'clock, and leave the shadow at 2:44 A. M. Thursday.

FLOOD INVITED TO BOSTON

Virginia Chosen as Successor to Roosevelt, Taft and Clark as Orator. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Washington, March 10.—Congressman Hal Flood, of Virginia, to-day received a telegram from James M. Currier, formerly a member of the House, but since February 1 Mayor of Boston, inviting him to make an address in Boston on March 17 at the Hotel City, on the one hundred and thirty-eighth anniversary of the evacuation of Boston by the British, which is one of the most important celebrations in New England.

The invitation is considered a great honor, as three former Presidents of the United States, namely, Roosevelt, Taft and Clark, have made the address, two years ago President Taft was the orator, and Speaker Clark received the invitation.

The telegram to Congressman Flood was in part as follows:

"The city of Boston desires you as its guest upon March 17, the one hundred and thirty-eighth anniversary of the evacuation of Boston by the British. We should be very grateful if you will deliver a short address upon this occasion. The remembrance is to be especially elaborate in honor of the anniversary. The honor is a fine one, Roosevelt here three years ago, President Taft two years ago, and Speaker Clark last year."

It is altogether probable that Flood will accept the invitation, and will be the first to be absent on that date and make the address.

G. H. M.

OFFICERS AWARE OF DANGER

Will Continue Tests Until Defects in Powder Are Remedied. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Washington, March 10.—The War Department today announced that the officers who were in charge of the twelve-inch gun which exploded at Sandy Hook yesterday, knew there was danger before they fired the powder charge.

The danger lay in irregularity in the powder which was being used, it was stated. Because of the irregularity in the powder, the officers in charge of the firing, that some one might be hurt, all of the officers in charge of the firing, including the commanding officer, Lieutenant Pendleton, were warned out of the danger zone. Lieutenant Pendleton, it is believed, risked his life by going too close in spite of this warning.

The explosion will cost the government \$10,000, that being the price of the gun destroyed.

General William Crozier, chief of the bureau of Ordnance, said today that the defect in the powder was not an examination until "we know precisely where the defect in the powder is and remedy that defect."

MODEL OFFICE AT ATLANTA

Postmaster-General Burleson Orders Number of Reforms. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Washington, March 10.—Upon receipt of the report of Special Investigators J. C. Koons and G. D. Ellsworth, Postmaster-General Burleson announced his decision to reorganize the office of the Postmaster-General and put in immediate effect a number of reforms and changes designed to make it a model office. The investigation reported the Atlanta office to be "operating nominally under the two divisions, but in reality in reality into four distinct groups. The report proposed that the office be operated by two main divisions, one for handling the mail and the other for supervising its finances.

"In this way supervision becomes more effective," the announcement said. "Methods more uniform and equipment more interchangeable and supplementary than under the old arrangement, which could not be subdivided into four or more sections, each independent of the other, and unable to co-operate to the best advantage of all."

HURT FOR NAVAL CADET

Son of President of Bankers' Association Nominated by Watson. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Washington, March 10.—Congressman Walter Watson to-day nominated for the vacancy occurring June 1, Samuel Hensford Hurt, of North Carolina, son of Joseph M. Hurt, president of the Bankers' Association. Young Hurt is at present a student at William and Mary College.

Mr. Watson did not nominate any alternates, although it is usual to name one in case of the failure of the first candidate to be nominated. No applications for nomination to these positions have been received by Judge Watson. He has a great many more applicants than cadetships on hand.

G. H. M.

OVERRUNS TIME LIMIT

Preacher Embarrassed When Princeton Students Tramp Out. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

New York, March 10.—That the faculty of Princeton University is greatly shocked by the attitude of a majority of the students toward religious matters became known today, when inquiry was begun to find out the reasons for the students' attitude. The walk-out was a protest against the students' attitude toward religious matters, and was a result of the students' attitude toward religious matters.

The Rev. W. G. Thayer, D. D., over-looked the students' attitude toward religious matters, and was greatly embarrassed and the faculty was horrified.

C. W. POST WILL RECOVER

Successfully Operated Upon at Rochester for Appendicitis. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Rochester, N. Y., March 10.—C. W. Post, the Battle Creek, Mich., manufacturer, was operated upon at the Mayo Hospital here to-day for appendicitis. According to physicians the operation was successful and he will recover.

Mr. Post was brought on a special train from the Pacific Coast in order to be operated on here.

Former Washash Mayor Ends Life.
Wabash, Ind., March 10.—Amos B. McHenry, former Mayor and State Representative, committed suicide late today by shooting. Worried by several deaths in his family, was attributed as the cause. He was a Republican.

HOUSE WILL ACT ON TOLLS MATTER BEFORE SENATE

Sims Bill to Repeal Ex-
emption Clause Is Fa-
vorably Reported.

FIGHT IS CERTAIN IN UPPER BRANCH

Senator O'Gorman, Who Will
Lead Opposition to President's
Expressed Desire, Delays Call-
ing Committee Together Un-
til Course Is Run With
Representatives.

Washington, March 10.—Action on the proposed repeal of the Panama toll exemption will be concluded in the House before the Senate Committee on Inter-oceanic Canals begins its formal consideration of the controversy.

This was determined to-day after a canvass of members of the Senate committee, who believe the matter first should take its course in the lower House. Senator O'Gorman, chairman of the committee, who will lead the fight within the party ranks against repeal, to-night said he did not expect to call the committee together until the House has acted.

Should the House fail to pass the repeal, which administration leaders say is improbable, the matter would not be dropped in the Senate. Senator O'Gorman said he would not be dropped in the Senate. Senator O'Gorman said he would not be dropped in the Senate.

Would Block Improvements.

Members of the Richmond delegation made an active fight against the bill. Each time it has been up, Speaker Cox called Major Stubbs to the chair and took his place on the floor. Against the bill, Stubbs had been a member of the House since 1907, and he had spent all the revenues from the annexed section on physical improvements within that section for five years. After a full discussion on Monday the patron amended the bill, cutting out the provision limiting annexation to 25 per cent, but providing in lieu that on all property over 25 per cent of the assessed valuation, real and personal, of the county, the amount received from taxes the first year should be paid over to the county, 80 per cent to the county the second year, 60 per cent the third year, 40 per cent the fourth year, and 20 per cent the fifth year.

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Matter Not Pertinent.

"This personal matter cannot be considered in connection with this bill," Mr. Undermyer insisted.

"I think if any one appeared before this committee who had spent his whole life manipulating stocks his testimony would be valuable," interrupted Senator Owen.

"I recall a time when one of our best witnesses on a pending race track bill was a reformed race track 'tout,'" Senator Undermyer said.

Senator Hitchcock abandoned his line of questioning after the laugh which greeted Nelson's remark and the Senator's explanation that the witness was not to be considered as a personal allusion.

Senator Weeks objected to the pending bill as failing to provide a remedy for dishonest manipulation of the market.

Senator Reed asked Mr. Undermyer if he did not believe all gambling transactions on stock exchanges should be prohibited. The witness replied that the bill limited these, but that it would take a brave man to offer a more drastic one.

Legislative Plans Upset.

Washington, March 10.—The House Judiciary Committee has its trust legislative plans upset, as it is divided on provisions of the tentative measure, which will cause delay in presenting the perfected bills. The work of the committee met with a setback when the President informed Chairman Clayton, Chairman Clayton and his colleagues, Carlin and Flood, have a bill which they hope will receive the President's endorsement.

Calculations Go Wrong.
The continued "open-mindedness" of the President on this subject upset (Continued on Seventh Page.)

EFFORT TO BLOCK ANNEXATION PLAN KILLED IN HOUSE

Measure Urged by Hen-
rico County Defeated
on Tie Vote.

SHARP DEBATE IN LOWER BRANCH

Gunn Declines to Waste Further
Time by Demanding Roll Call
on Motion to Reconsider.
Richmond Now to Pro-
ceed With Fight for
New Territory.

On a tie vote of 43 to 43 the House of Delegates yesterday defeated the Gunn annexation bill designed to prevent the extension of the corporate limits of the city of Richmond. Against heavy odds the member from Henrico made a brilliant fight for the passage of the bill, and though unsuccessful on the final vote, he was warmly congratulated on his efforts.

The bill provided originally that not more than 25 per cent of the taxable values of any county should be annexed to any city on one line, and that there should be no further annexation for five years. After a full discussion on Monday the patron amended the bill, cutting out the provision limiting annexation to 25 per cent, but providing in lieu that on all property over 25 per cent of the assessed valuation, real and personal, of the county, the amount received from taxes the first year should be paid over to the county, 80 per cent to the county the second year, 60 per cent the third year, 40 per cent the fourth year, and 20 per cent the fifth year.

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Teachers!

The first announcement of the voting in the contest to determine the most popular school teacher in Richmond will appear in next Sunday's The Times-Dispatch.

The word "teacher" includes principals, deans, professors, superintendents and principals of schools and colleges.

Be sure to get the votes in early on Saturday.

Monroe 1

ADOPTED AND KILLED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Senate, by vote of 28 to 14, passes bill for establishment of a co-ordinate college for women at the University of Virginia.

House, on a tie vote, defeats Gunn antiannektion bill, passage of which would have seriously interfered with plans for a Greater Richmond.

House Subcommittee on Privileges and Elections declined to investigate Myers-Christian incident, on the ground that it was not a matter for legislative action.

Senate refuses to suspend rules to pass the Saunders antislavery bill, which means that the matter is dead at this session.

Chairman Weaver, of House Finance Committee, makes severe attack on former Senator George B. Keezell, of Rockingham, declaring that if Keezell had been a member of the United States Senate he would have been convicted and sent to Federal prison.

Senate, by vote of 34 to 8, passes, with minor amendments, House bill providing for tax commission of ten members to recommend tax reform laws to special session of Legislature in January, 1915.

Senate passes Harman-Cannon bill, raising age of consent to sixteen years.

Governor vetoes Senate bill authorizing Auditor of Public Accounts to pay allowances made jurors summoned from Richmond to try criminal case in Alexandria. First veto of present administration.

By vote of 56 to 16, the House passes Pennington antijug bill, which prohibits the shipment of liquor into dry territory.

House passes Adams land registration bill, generally known as the Torrens system, and will be considered by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice this morning.

WEAVER BITTERLY ATTACKS KEEZELL WOULD NOT PROBE CHARGE BY MYERS

Tells House He Would Have
Been Sent to Prison if Member
of United States Senate.

RESENTS CHARGE IN LETTER

Waives Immunity to Reply, and
Revives Allegation Made
in Libel Suit.

Rising to a question of personal privilege in the House of Delegates yesterday morning, Aubrey G. Weaver, chairman of the House Finance Committee, bitterly denounced former State Senator George B. Keezell, of Rockingham County, accusing him of improper actions while a member of the State Senate, of using an office of public trust for private gain, and declaring that if the same laws applied to the Virginia Legislature that apply to the Congress of the United States, the former Rockingham Senator would now be behind prison bars.

The denunciation was one of the most bitter ever heard on the floor of the House. Weaver's attack was directed at Keezell, who had been a member of the House and Senate, and Acts of the Assembly of former years, and he announced that he had the facts to prove his statements.

The controversy grew out of a debate on the floor of the House, last week, when the general appropriation bill was under consideration by items. A motion was made to strike out the allowance of \$400 each, made in the bill to the "unclassified" members of the State Commission of Fisheries. Mr. Weaver spoke in favor of this motion referring to the allowance as "political pay," and the item was stricken from the bill.

Keezell's Letter to Cox.

On Sunday Speaker Cox received the following open letter, which has appeared in many newspapers:

Keezelltown, Va., March 7.

Hon. Aubrey G. Weaver, Speaker of the House of Delegates, Richmond, Va.

My Dear Sir,—Papers of to-day bring to my attention an unwarranted attack on me in the House of Delegates yesterday by Delegate Aubrey G. Weaver. I am sorry that I cannot report in referring to an allowance of \$400 each for the up-country members of the Commission of Fisheries, that I am not a member of the Commission.

The only reason the allowance has been made in previous years was because one of the members of the board had been chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate, and had taken this method of "paying himself off."

If Mr. Weaver had taken the trouble to inform himself, he would have found that the allowance to the up-country members was made from the beginning of the year before I was elected chairman of the Senate Finance Committee. The statement that I ever, when chairman of the Finance Committee or at any other time, undertook to use that position or that of a member of the Senate to "pay myself off" is unqualifiedly and inexorably, if not maliciously, false.

Upon the contrary, when this question came before the committee, I asked my associates to strike my name from the list of the three men who would be benefited by this appropriation. This they declined to do upon the ground that services rendered by me were as valuable as those rendered by any of the other up-country members, and it was not fair to expect as much time to be given by me without any compensation as was given by the other up-country members.

Never at any time have I asked a single member of either house to vote for or favor the appropriation for this purpose. I have never asked for or sought the place, and have only served because urged to do so by friends, both in and out of the Tidewater section.

I know my sin was grievous in securing for my own senatorial district an appropriation so much coveted by the home town of the Delegate from Warren. Possibly this and my refusal when a candidate for the House of Delegates to let my hands with pledges about "bank legislation," in which the Delegate from Warren was taking and has taken so much interest, and my well-known opposition to the farcical rate of taxation on money on deposit, pro-

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

A Piano-Player for the
Most Popular School
Teacher in Richmond

PRICE TWO CENTS.

CO-ORDINATE BILL WINS SENATE BY BIG MAJORITY

Women Applaud When
Fight of Years Ends
With Victory.

GREAT REJOICING AMONG WORKERS

Mrs. Munford Surrounded by En-
thusiastic Group After Vote of
23 to 14 Is Announced—Hope
Now to Get Measure
Through House of
Delegates.

By a vote of 23 to 14 the Senate at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon passed the Early-Rison-Wendenburg bill providing for the establishment of a co-ordinate woman's college at the University of Virginia. The hard-won victory gave the women a long half hour of rejoicing, and the supporters of the measure, who had been waiting for the measure to be passed, were greatly pleased. The measure, if passed, would have provided the passage of the bill this year.

The action of the Senate rewards a band of earnest workers, which has prosecuted the fight for a woman's college at the University of Virginia for more than two years. The Senate of 1912 gave the first opportunity to pass upon the question, and it rejected a bill similar to the one passed yesterday, by a decided majority.

Against the co-ordinate college scheme were aligned a large number of the faculty of the University of Virginia and members of the faculty. The plan, however, had the endorsement of President Edwin A. Alderman and a majority of the faculty and board of visitors.

Women Applaud Verdict.
A packed gallery was on hand to witness the Senate's action. The crowd of women, many of whom were members of the women's organizations that have taken active part in the campaign, followed the action of the bill, and the women on the floor of the bill, broke out in loud applause when the chair announced at the end of the roll call that the bill was passed. Sergeant-at-Arms Markings stepped into the corridor and announced that the bill had passed. The women on the floor of the bill, broke out in loud applause when the chair announced at the end of the roll call that the bill was passed.

Urged Committee to Give Full Hearing.

The House investigation of the Myers-Christian incident, which grew out of an effort on the part of Rev. W. Asbury Christian to secure Delegate Myers's vote for the allowance bill, came to an abrupt end yesterday afternoon, when the subcommittee of the House Committee on Privileges and Elections refused to hear evidence, and decided that it had no jurisdiction. The Willis resolution will therefore be sent back to the Committee on Privileges and Elections without recommendation.

This action was taken only after both Delegate Myers and Dr. Christian had made vain appeals for a full and open hearing of the evidence. Trouble began when the committee failed to meet at 3 o'clock, which was the time set by Chairman Pennington for the hearing. The courtroom of the State Corporation Commission was crowded at that hour with men and women, many of whom had come to testify in the case. Although Chairman Pennington, Delegate Oliver and Delegate Rolston, each appeared individually in the courtroom, efforts to get two of them in the room at the same time were fruitless.

Invited Oliver to Resign.

Shortly before 4 o'clock Delegate Oliver entered the room and announced that no meeting of the investigating committee would be held. Whereupon Dr. Christian protested against such action, and urged that the committee be given a full hearing. Dr. Christian said that he would not leave the room until the committee had given him a full hearing. He said that he would not leave the room until the committee had given him a full hearing.

"I would like to call your attention to the fact that this committee was named by the chairman of the House Committee on Privileges and Elections to investigate the charges brought against me by Delegate Myers," said Dr. Christian. "You were given the opportunity to hear me, and you refused to do so. I do not understand why, with all three members of the committee under this roof, you cannot get a quorum."

Delegate Oliver reiterated his position that the members of the committee were too busy to meet at that time.

"In that case," replied Dr. Christian, "I would suggest that you resign and allow your place to be taken by some one with time to attend to the duties of the position."

"I thank my friend for the advice, but I shall exercise my own discretion in this matter," replied Mr. Oliver.

"I protest that you are not treating me with fairness," said Dr. Christian. "I am due an open hearing."

"I will carry your protest to the committee," answered Delegate Oliver, leaving the room.

After another delay of thirty minutes, Chairman Pennington entered the room and made the announcement that the committee had agreed to meet again at 4 o'clock.

All Demanded Hearing.

When the committee convened at 6:30 o'clock Chairman Pennington stated that the committee was in doubt as to its authority to act upon the resolution of the committee to take evidence. Delegate Willis, of Roanoke, patron of the resolution condemning the lobby, declared that the committee could in no other way than by an open hearing. The Rev. James Cannon, speaking for Dr. Christian, urged a full investigation, and Delegate Myers took the same position.

It was approached while a member of the Legislature in a manner which I thought reflected on the dignity of the House," said Mr. Myers. "The matter is obviously one for consideration by the Legislature, and you have been commissioned by the House to conduct an investigation. I have done Dr. Christian a gross injustice, or he has done me one. A full and open investigation is only right. If I was wrong I am man enough to go to Dr. Christian and apologize."

(Continued on Third Page.)

Opposite From University.

The central provision of the bill directs the University of Virginia to establish at Charlottesville to be known as the Woman's College of the University of Virginia. Under the bill, as passed yesterday, the college is required to be built on the opposite side of the University of Virginia from the existing college. In order to conciliate hostile interests, an amendment was incorporated making the college a co-ordinate college conditional upon the raising of \$50,000 in private subscriptions with which the college should be built. Other amendments were added, which relieve the State as far as possible from the expense incident to the establishment of the college.

An amendment offered by Senator Cannon, and adopted, provides that the college should be built on the opposite side of the University of Virginia, and not by the University of Virginia. He thought it wise, he said, that the distinction should be clearly drawn.

Bill's passage was delayed by the Council of Charlottesville and the Board of Supervisors of Albemarle County. The request of the Council of Charlottesville to the co-ordinate college. Leaders in the movement made the statement that \$200,000 would be available for the work.

Monday Night Mix-Up.
When the Senate met on Monday night to consider local and uncontested bills, the co-ordinate college bill was on the calendar on its second reading. Senator Brock objected to its consideration, and the bill was postponed. Senator Brock withdrew his objection with the understanding that the bill would be reconsidered and put back in its original position on the calendar. The Senate thereupon advanced the bill to its third reading, which position it appeared on the calendar yesterday.

When the bill was reached yesterday